

PILOT END PHASE EVENT

13 June 2022 Moderator: Sara Pittonet (Trust-IT) contact: <u>s.pittonet@trust-itservices.com</u>

Contact: info@archiver-project.eu Project website: www.archiver-project.eu



ARCHIVER - Archiving and Preservation for Research Environments project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 824516.





Digital Preservation Awards 2022 Finalists Announced on 9th June, DPC Member voting open until 4th July

ARCHIVER work recognised for the International Council on Archives Award for Collaboration and Cooperation

which celebrates significant collaboration across institutional, professional, sectoral and geographical boundaries which have had a demonstrable and positive impact on digital preservation.



Event Outline

09.00 am - 09.10 am: Project Overview - João Fernandes (CERN) 09.10 am - 09.35 am: Pilot Phase - Buyers Group use cases (CERN, DESY, EMBL-EBI, PIC) 09.35 am - 09.45 am: Early Adopter Use Case: ECMWF Open Data (TBC)

09.45 - 09.55: Break

09.55 am- 10.25 am: Presentation from Libnova consortium (Antonio Martinez) 10.25 am - 10.55 am: Presentation from Arkivum consortium (Matthew Addis and Tom Lynam) 10.55 am - 11.00 am: Closing remarks - João Fernandes (CERN)



House Keeping

- This event is being recorded in its entirety. A link to the full recordings will be shared with participants afterwards.
- Post your questions in the chat. Q&A sessions are foreseen before the break and at the end of each consortium presentation.
- Please do not activate your microphone and videos unless the host gives you permission.



Project Overview

Pilot End Phase

João Fernandes (CERN) Contact: joao.fernandes@cern.ch



ARCHIVER - Archiving and Preservation for Research Environments project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 824516.



ARCHIVER Project

 Focus: Archiving and Data Preservation Services using cloud services available via the European Open Science Cloud (EOSC)

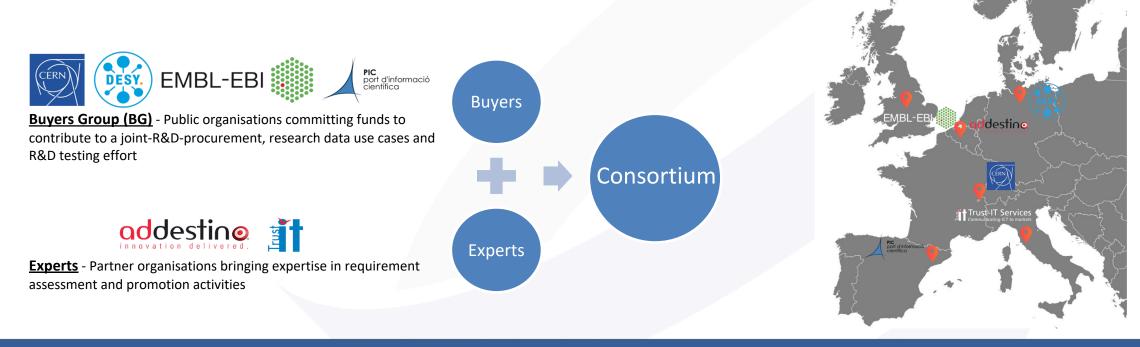
 Procurement R&D budget: 3.4M euro; Total Budget: 4.8M

 Starting Date: 1st of January 2019

 Duration: 42 Months

 Coordinator: CERN (Lead Procurer)

 European Commission





Progress Beyond the state of the art

Scientific Data Repositories before **ARCHIVER** PB scale demonstration of scientific data Growing data volumes repositories Basic bit preservation capabilities **European SaaS providers in digital preservation** Most of research data not published Best practices: FAIR, TRUST, DPC RAM Promote FOSS, open standards & demonstrate exit Technology lock-ins concerns (tape), Business Continuity/Disaster Recovery (COVID-19) strategies Fragmentation across scientific disciplines & Pan-European: resulting services to be available in the EOSC portfolio countries *Cost-effective and environmentally sustainable* Cost underestimation at the planning phase model adapted to public research

ARCHIVER "current state of the art" report: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3618215



R&D - Use Cases

| Layer 4 | High level services: visual representation of data (domain |
|----------|--|
| Advanced | specific), reproducibility of scientific analyses, etc. |
| services | |

User services: search, discover, share, indexing, data removal, etc. Access under Federated IAM

OAIS conformant services: data readability formats, normalization, obsolesce monitoring, files fixity, authenticity checks, etc. ISO 14721/16363, 26324 and related standards

Layer 1 Storage/Basic Archiving/Secure backup

Layer 4

services

Layer 3

Baseline user services

Layer 2

Preservation

Data integrity/security; cloud/hybrid deployment Data volume in the PB range; high, sustained ingest data rates in Gb/s. ISO certification: 27000, 27040, 19086 and related standards. Archives connected to the GEANT network



Scientific use cases deployments documented at: https://www.archiver-project.eu/deployment-scenarios

ARCHIVER "current state of the art" report in the context of the EOSC: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3618215

R&D Competitive Execution

ARCHIVER followed an R&D execution on three phases with multiple competing consortia:

• Phase 1 - Solution Design

- 0 5 selected consortia: <u>https://archiver-project.eu/design-phase-award</u>
- Design architecture and technical components
- Assessment & Selection process for consortia to proceed to the subsequent project phase

• Phase 2 - Prototype Development

- O 3 selected Designs: https://archiver-project.eu/prototype-phase-award
- Prototypes building based on the design architectures
- Functional testing and validation by the Buyers
- Assessment and selection of Prototypes: Eligibility criteria to promote Prototypes to Pilots

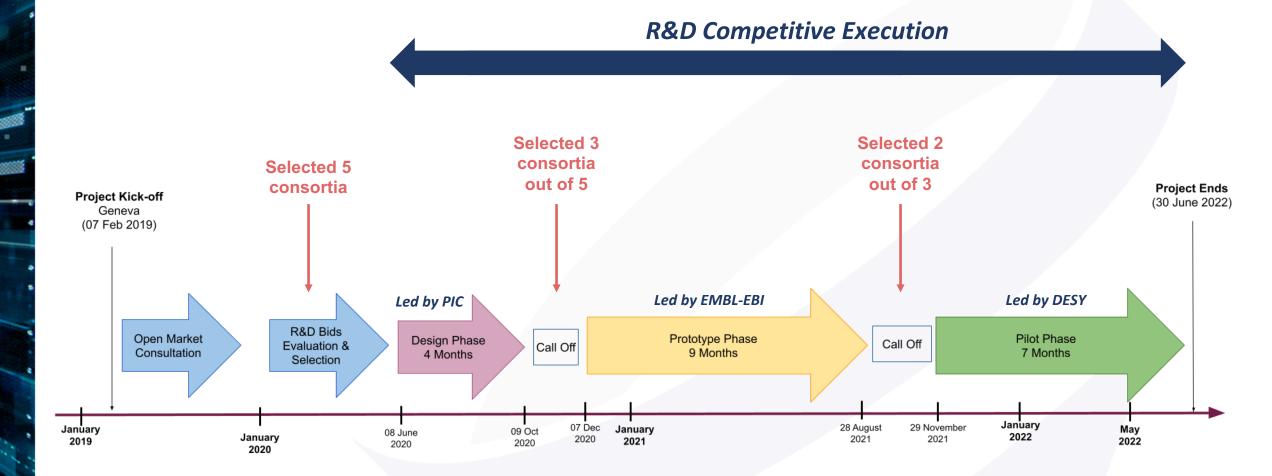
• Phase 3 - Pilot Deployment

- 2 selected Prototypes: <u>https://archiver-project.eu/pilot-phase-award</u>
- Deployment and expansion to Pilot services
- Services exposed to end-users and Early Adopters organisations
- Substantial work on purchasing models: Total Cost Calculators
- Resulting services available widely to the research community: EOSC exchange





Project Timeline



10



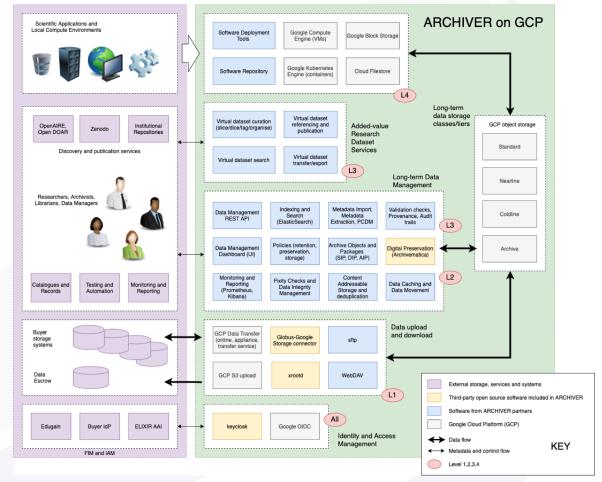
Pilot Phase Selected Consortia





Selected Consortia: Arkivum

- Overall architecture composed of micro-services to scale to multi-petabyte volumes of billions of objects
- Based on Kubernetes: autoscales, meaning no idle resources which reduces costs and carbon emissions
- Different storage options, for example deep archive/cold storage for infrequently accessed data = cheaper

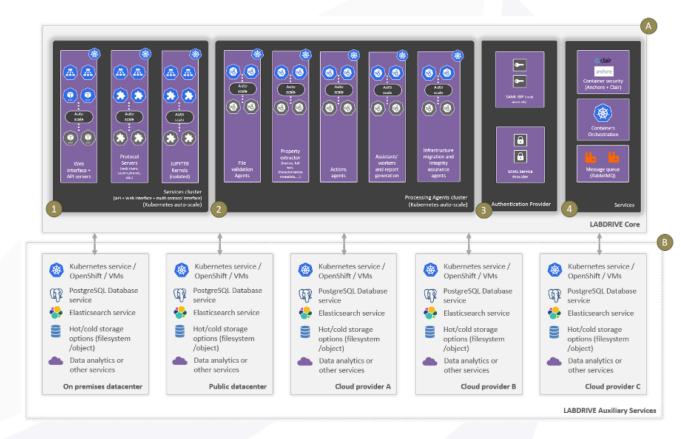


Prototype architecture of the Arkivum consortium (image courtesy of the Arkivum consortium)



Selected Consortia: Libnova

- Prototype based on LibSAFE SaaS
- Using infrastructure provided by AWS; can be deployed on-premises
- Runs on Kubernetes, fully scalable: adjustable number of components based on service demand which translates to cost and environmental effectiveness.
- QoS **optimization** of storage tiers; Less frequently accessed is cheaper

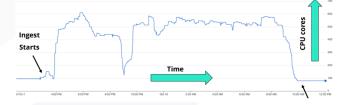


Prototype architecture of the Libnova consortium (image courtesy of the Libnova consortium)



- Scalability & Elasticity
 - Autoscaling of ingest, archiving and preservation: thousands files, 100TB+ per day
 - Maximum profit from elasticity of cloud: efficient matching resources to data processing
- **Deployment Models & Security**
 - Validation of on-premise/hybrid deployments as a component of exit strategies
 - Security assessments of the resulting services •
- FAIR assessments
 - Automated assessments using the F-UJI tool complemented by self-assessments from the consortia
- Science Reproducibility
 - PoC integration with scientific services & apps







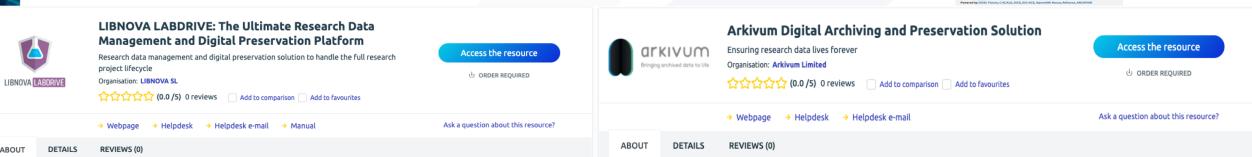






Highlights Pilot Phase (II)

- Certification: CoreTrustSeal self-assessments
 - Onboarding feedback received from the External Advisory Board
- TCO: Total Cost of Services calculators
 - Allow organisations to estimate the full costs of the solutions for their own use cases
 - Includes carbon footprint analysis
- Availability of resulting R&D to the research community
 - ARCHIVER on EOSC platform Early Adopters Programme
 - ARCHIVER services listed in the **EOSC Exchange**





Total Cost

Ownership



EOSC Platform



Conclusions

R&D challenge in digital preservation goes beyond data storage

- Must keep intellectual control of data and make research outputs reusable
- Must ensure the correct breakdown of responsibilities between Data Stewards and Service Providers
- Extends FAIR to associated products: Software, Workflows and Infrastructure
- ARCHIVER commoditised LTDP services in the research domain
 - Project objectives successfully met
 - Resulting services and deliverables of contracted companies of high quality
- Sustainable model with services existing beyond ARCHIVER lifetime
 - ARCHIVER services listed in the EOSC Exchange available to the wider community
 - TCO calculators allowing public research organisations to allow for cost planning
 - Progress in adapting cloud purchase models fitting procurement in the public sector



EOSC-Exchange

Federated Data

EOSC-Core



Pilot Phase - Buyers Group use cases *Pilot End Phase*



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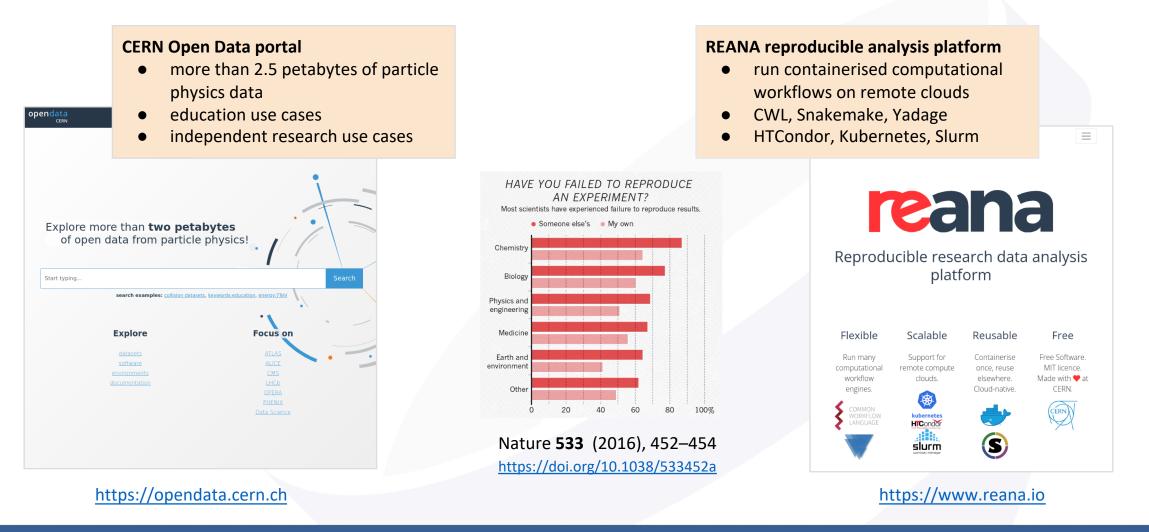
CERN - End of Pilot Phase Report

<u>Tibor Simko</u>, Jean-Yves Le Meur, Antonio Vivace, <u>Ignacio Peluaga</u>



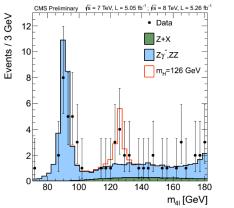


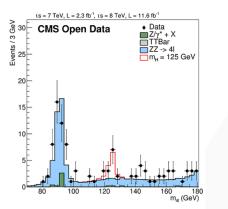
CERN Open Data: From data preservation to data reuse





- testing exposure of (parts of) datasets via XRootD protocol
- testing "Compute" options for content preserved in "Storage"
- reproduced several open data analysis examples
- run Jupyter notebook examples (Python)
- run containerised workflow examples (Docker, Snakemake, Kubernetes)





CMS Higgs-to-four-lepton example analysis

analyze data analyze mo reana make_plot rule analyze_data: input: config["data"] all config["code"] "results/scramdone.tx output "results/DoubleMuParked2012C_10000_Higgs.root" container "docker://cmsopendata/cmssw 5 3 32" shell. "source /opt/cms/cmsset_default.sh "&& cd CMSSW 5 3 32/src " "&& eval `scramv1 runtime -sh` "&& cd HiggsExample20112012/HiggsDemoAnalyze "&& cd ../Level3 " "&& cmsRun demoanalyzer cfg level3data.pv

scram

Running containerised workflows

Analysis of Higgs boson decays to two tau leptons using data and simulation of events at the CMS detector from 2012

Cite as: Wunsch, Stefan; (2019). Analysis of Higgs boson decays to two tau leptons using data and simulation of events at the CMS detector from 2012. CERN Open Data Portal. DOI:10.7483/OPENDATA.CMS.GV20.PR5T

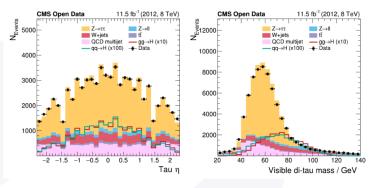
Software Analysis Workflow CMS CERN-LHC

Description

This analysis uses data and simulation of <u>events</u> at the CMS experiment from 2012 with the goal to study decays of a Higgs boson into two tau leptons in the final state of a <u>muon</u> lepton and a hadronically decayed tau lepton. The analysis follows loosely the setup of the official (CMS analysis published in 2014.

The purpose of the original CMS analysis was to establish the existence of the Higgs boson decaying into two tau leptons. Since performing this analysis properly with full consideration of all systematic uncertainties is an enormously complex task, we reduce this analysis to the qualitative study of the kinematics and properties of such <u>events</u> without a statistical analysis. However, as you can explore in this record, already such a reduced analysis is complex and requires extensive physics knowledge, which makes this a perfect first look into the proceedures required to claim the evidence or existence of a new particle.

Two example results produced by this analysis can be seen below. The plots show the data recorded by the detector compared to the estimation of the contributing processes, which are explained in the following. The analysis has implemented the visualization of 34 such observables.



CMS Higgs-to-tautau example analysis





CERN Digital Memory: the OAIS Archive

Status:

- Data stored in main CERN Information Systems and on local user stores can be harvested to create BagItcompliant SIPs.
 - Includes publications, preprints, presentations, photos, videos, and more
- Web Interface to run "on-demand" archiving for people leaving CERN
- Challenges:
 - Duplication
 - Authorships and Versioning
 - Scaling preservation services/ file conversions to create AIPs

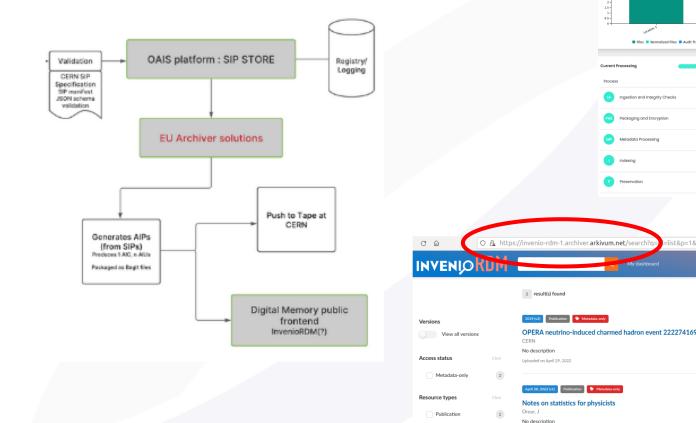
| | | Welcome to the CERN Digital Memory Platform | | |
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| : 1024767 nk: https://indico.cern.ch/eve | | SEE YOUR STAGED ARCHIVES | SEE YOUR COLLECTIONS | |
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CERN Digital Memory: feeding Archiver.eu

Archiver.eu solutions to ingest CERN SIPs and store preservation artifacts: AIPs, DIPs...

- \rightarrow Validated metadata manifest technique to transfer main meta information
- \rightarrow Validated API workflow
- → Validated using Arkivum as an "AIP factory" with Archivematica backend



Help

Search guide



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DESY - End of Pilot Phase Report

Martin Gasthuber, Jacek Chodak and Sergey Yakubov



condensed use-cases - all 'photon science'

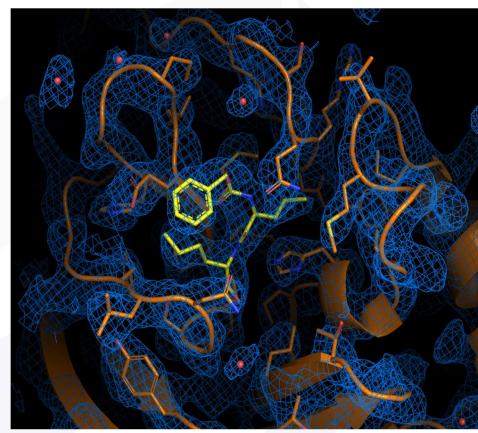
- small individual scientist, interactive
 - PhD thesis, detector developments, ...
- mid size 'set of' experiments, interactive+API, centrally configured
 - experimental station at synchrotron facility
- large size experiments/facility, API based, centrally configured, automated
 - EuXFEL facility





example of science activities - Corona related

- since early 2020 shortly after local shutdown started
 - massive X-ray screening, scientists identified promising candidates for drugs against SARS-CoV-2
 - high resolution and three-dimensional representation of damaged lung tissue following severe Covid-19
 - ...
- large number of participating scientists from many disciplines requiring 'shared' access, archiving and 'close to' processing power data services and location
 - perfect candidate for ARCHIVER services !



Electron density map of the most antiviral active ingredient calpeptin (yellow) binding at the main protease (Credit: DESY, Sebastian Günther)





pilot phase activities

- scale tests
 - not (yet) at 'facility' level ~10 PiB per week demand today
 - sadly enough, accelerated demand rate since 2019
 - tests at that scale are still prohibitive today (>16GB/s contiguous network BW)
 - other two fits well in capacity / #of files, challenging (10M files per exp.)
- API for mid and large with automated access
- templated and hierarchical metadata structures with 'mandatory' and 'optional' elements allowing user extensions
- on-site deployments base for hybrid configuration
 - i.e. for second copy in public cloud -> easy and efficient handling of 'open data'

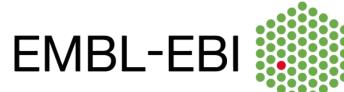




EMBL-EBI - End of Pilot Phase Report

Justin Clark-Casey

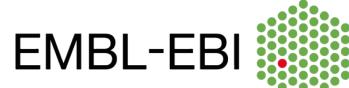




Use case pursued in the Pilot Phase

- Original concept (use Archiver as an additional FIRE replica) invalidated by FIRE design changes
- Instead pilot using Archiver as a different type of storage for FIRE
 - Archival (there but not immediately accessible) instead of immediately online
 - Put control into the hands of the (internal) users
 - Arguably closer to the core Archiver concept





Pilot Phase testing

- Internal teams make the decision on when to archive data
 - To reduce use of their main storage/FIRE quotas
- They operate the process (CLI) but must submit a schema containing mandatory elements
 - e.g. Dublin Core identifier, publisher
- Functionality works need to do more exposure to teams





Pilot Phase testing

- Teams can request export of data back to main storage
- Permissioned: teams request and administrator approves
- Operates through the Arkivum UI
- Functionality works needs more exposure to teams





Pilot Phase testing

- From the prototype phase we know that the contractors can handle data at scale
- And we have knowledge of the costs involved
- We need to continue piloting with internal users
- And fit this into a fast evolving internal storage architecture



PIC port d'informació científica

PIC- End of Pilot Phase Report

Jordi Casals, Manuel Delfino, Meritxell Garcia



Use cases (from realistic needs of MAGIC telescopes)^{1,2}

4.1 Safe-keeping and recall of large-size files

- Use the platform for daily safekeeping of scientific data
- Ability to define metadata schemas on upload
- Transfer 1TB-2TB per day with throughputs above 1Gbps/day
- Perform metadata based searches
- Bulk download must be available
- Metadata based downloads of filesets

4.2 Archiving, preservation and distribution of datasets

Same requirements as 4.1 plus:

- Unpack and process *tar* files containing *bagit* bags
- Assign different metadata globally and file by file
- User belong to different/multiple groups
- Select subsets of files based on metadata and share them with other users/groups
- Subsets may be open to be shared publicly

4.3 In-archive processing

- Create automatic processes to be performed on upload
- Run processes over the uploaded data on demand
- Different tools as Jupyter Notebooks, batch processing, etc
- Ability to do all that without having to download, process and reupload





Tests performed

4.1 Safe-keeping and recall of large-size files

- Automatic daily uploads simulating uploads from the telescope
 - File by file every night (simulated flow from telescope data acquisition)
 - Groups of files (datasets) using *bagit* bags (simulated flow from data center)
- Metadata association tested in two different manners
 - Associate metadata *a posteriori* to individual uploaded files
 - Process metadata on *bagit* bag upload (metadata file as part of the bag)
- Tests of rapidly downloading entire datasets to fulfill two scenarios
 - (PIC) Data center disaster recovery
 - Provide input for data reprocessing (off-premise becomes primary archive)

Tests performed

4.2 Archiving, preservation and distribution of datasets

- Common features with Use Case 4.1:
 - bagit bags upload method including the file metadata
 - Assigning/updating metadata *a posteriori* to uploaded data
- Reduced data → smaller individual files
 - \rightarrow larger number of files per dataset \rightarrow using *tar*-ed bags becomes essential
- Web Portals allow browsing and casual searches of archive
 - Portal file listings have direct links for downloading individual files
- Complex metadata searches define data subsets which can be downloaded
 - Enable power users to make complex metadata queries via command-line
 - Simplify (and make reliable) dataset downloading using bagit, tar/zip, downloading scripts
- Open datasets enable distribution to anonymous users

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Tests performed

4.3 In-archive processing

- Move data processing from PIC to the Cloud hosting the archive (would avoid downloading data for reprocessing in Use Case 4.1)
- Processing can be triggered using cloud storage events on upload
- Jupyter Notebooks hosted in the archive Cloud with direct access to the archived data has enormous potential:
 - Provide elastic analysis resources to scientific collaborators
 - Flexible access control in archive enables selective sharing between different groups of researchers
 - Provide data and software together for Open Data and dissemination
- Cost and carbon calculators will help guide purchasing decisions



Future plans and conclusions

- We have been able to do everything we expected, though not necessarily the way we originally thought.
- We learned a lot from the contractors, and we think that they learned a lot from us as well.
- We required *bagit* format rolled into *tar* files to upload datasets
 - In OAIS terminology, this is our SIP format
 - ~100x less files to upload eases monitoring and error correction
- We ended up using a simple ad-hoc metadata schema
 - Metadata standards still emerging, current offerings seem too complex for our cases
 - MAGIC bags contain file-by-file metadata in a particular *json* format. Contractors developed their systems to handle this
 - Exported data subsets containing file-by-file metadata boost useability
- Both systems have different but powerful approaches
 - Potential for excellent final products for archiving and preservation of big-science data



PIC port d'informació científica

Helping to turn Information into Knowledge

Please visit us at https://www.pic.es

PIC is maintained by a collaboration agreement between Institut de Física d'Altes Energies (IFAE) and Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas, Medioambientales y Tecnológicas (CIEMAT) with additional support from Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona (UAB).



Early Adopter Use Case: ECMWF Open Data

Raoult Baudouin (ECMWF)



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BREAK





ARCHIVING AND PRESERVATION FOR RESEARCH ENVIRONMENTS Libnova - CSIC - University of Barcelona -Giaretta Associates - AWS - Voxility -Bidaidea



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C.C.

RCHI



PILOT END PHASE EVENT

2022-06-13

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LIBNOVA USA 14 NE First Ave (2nd floor) - Miami, Florida 33132, USA - Tel: +1 844-894-6532 contact@libnova.com



Big thanks to the Archiver team, EU Representatives and the LIBNOVA Consortium team.



Market

 $\left(\mathbf{O}\right)$

Shorter development lifecycle leading to a faster time to market (5 to 2 competitors.

Technology

Accelerated innovation: Strong partnership: Time to market: Being able to work with the 4 buyers By working together in the (use cases) has maximized our consortium, we are creating strong Mowerpreversion and the ARCHINER of the sect benefitiring the BAC

Tangible results:

Without the Archiver project our product would not have been ready until 2024. Instead, 3 USA/EU top Universities and **BAYER** (pharmaceutical) already purchased it, and we are in negotiations with other 12 customers.

Tangible results:

Focused on providing the most advanced digital preservation platform and the best possible service. We have been pushing the boundaries of what is possible in digital preservation, incorporating innovations that empower the organizations to preserve their content in an easier and more efficient way.

Tangible results:

Team

Partnership agreement with Amazon AWS and presence in EOSC marketplace. Strong business perspectives on working together. Future work together with David Giaretta, UB, CSIC, Bidaidea and Voxility.

Everyone working really hard, and really happy about it!

libnova



Full reproducibility capabilities



LABDRIVE allow organizations to keep their CONTENT and they CODE in the same platform, with the successful integration with CERN's Reans (and Snikely alle) and the capability of running Jupyter notebooks in the platform.

Q

Environmentally friendly

Lowest possible environmental impact when not in use.

Platform carbon footprint evaluated in **real time.**



Based on standards

First provider in the market to achieve ISO27001, ISO27017, ISO 27018 (all of them achieved during Archiver project). In the process of ISO 16363 certification.



Commercialization plan

Actions

- LABDRIVE is a resource already available in the EOSC Marketplace
- LABDRIVE is a resource listed in AWS Marketplace
- Demo platform available to get "your hands dirty"
- Enlarge the current installed (or ready to install) base
- A marketing/communication campaign is planned, but with no dates yet

Goals and activities to perform

- Raise awareness of the importance of preserving research datasets during their entire life cycle
- Launch a campaign to attract new users to LABDRIVE in EU and US
- Position LIBNOVA as the leading provider of Research Data Management and Digital Preservation solutions
- Increase number of current partnerships / alliances



Thanks again!

contact@libnova.com



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ARCHIVING AND PRESERVATION FOR RESEARCH ENVIRONMENTS

Arkivum - Google Cloud



Google Cloud



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The Arkivum solution for ARCHIVER

Matthew Addis, Tom Lynam Arkivum

Agenda

- Overview of Arkivum
- The Arkivum solution for ARCHIVER
- Commercialisation plans
- Questions and discussion



Arkivum and our Product and Services for Long Term Digital Preservation

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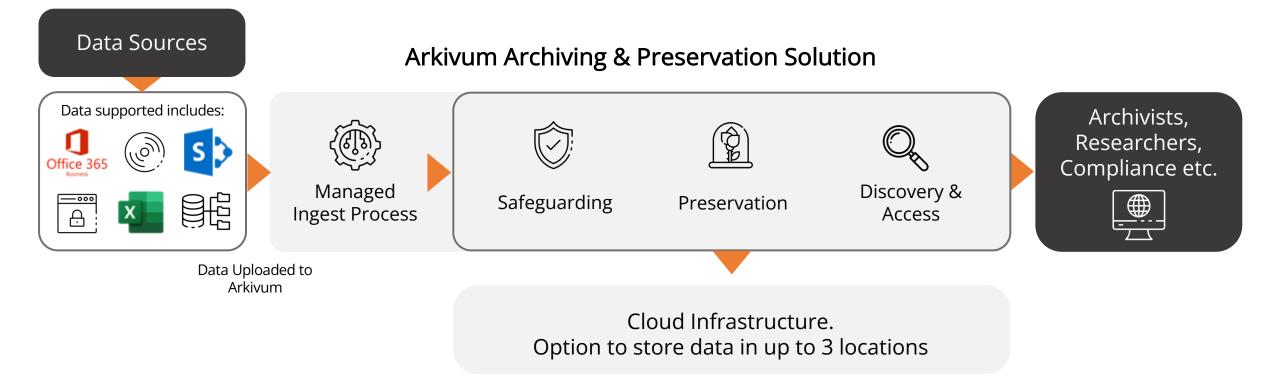
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About Arkivum

- Founded in 2011 out of the University of Southampton – initial focus on Higher Education Research Data
- VC backed and funded
- Headquartered in Reading, UK
- ~25 full time employees
- ISO 9001 and 27001 certified
- Full SaaS offering launched in 2017
- +50 customers as of 2022 across Higher
 Education, Heritage, Pharma and Life Sciences



Arkivum Fully Managed Archiving and Preservation Solution



Standards, Certification, Quality and Assessment

- Certified to ISO 9001 and ISO 27001
- SoPs for everything we do as part of our QMS
- Validated product releases
- GxP audited by customers, with a 100% success rate
- Mappings available of our product/services to NDSA preservation levels, DPC RAM, Core Trust Seal and FAIR







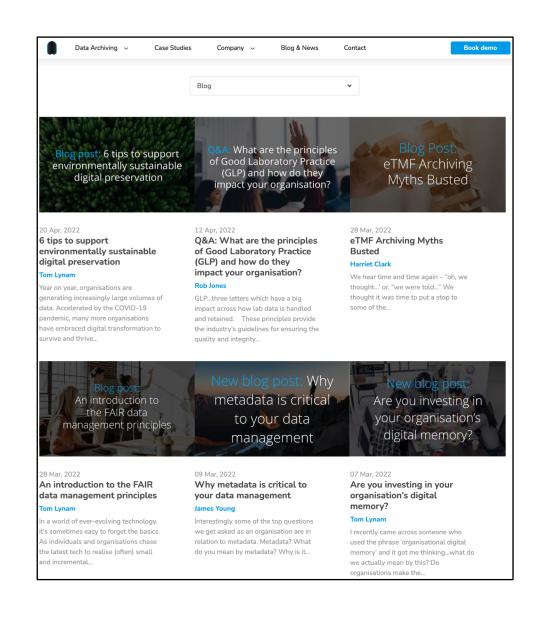
Services and Good Practice

Professional and Customer Services

- Requirements analysis, SoPs and workflows
- Onboarding
- Data migrations
- Computer Systems Validation
- Integrations

Advocacy, Education, Advice

- Regular blog content
- eBooks
- Monthly webinars
- Research reports
- Conferences and events
- Promotion of LTDP practices into in new domains



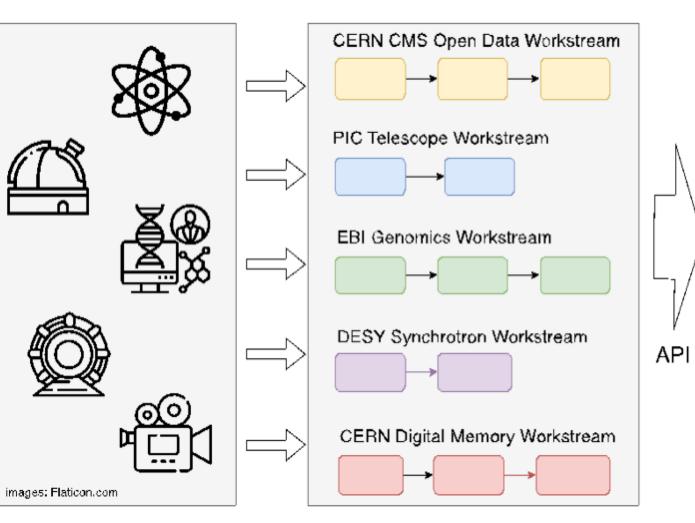
Arkivum Solution for ARCHIVER

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Content types and sources

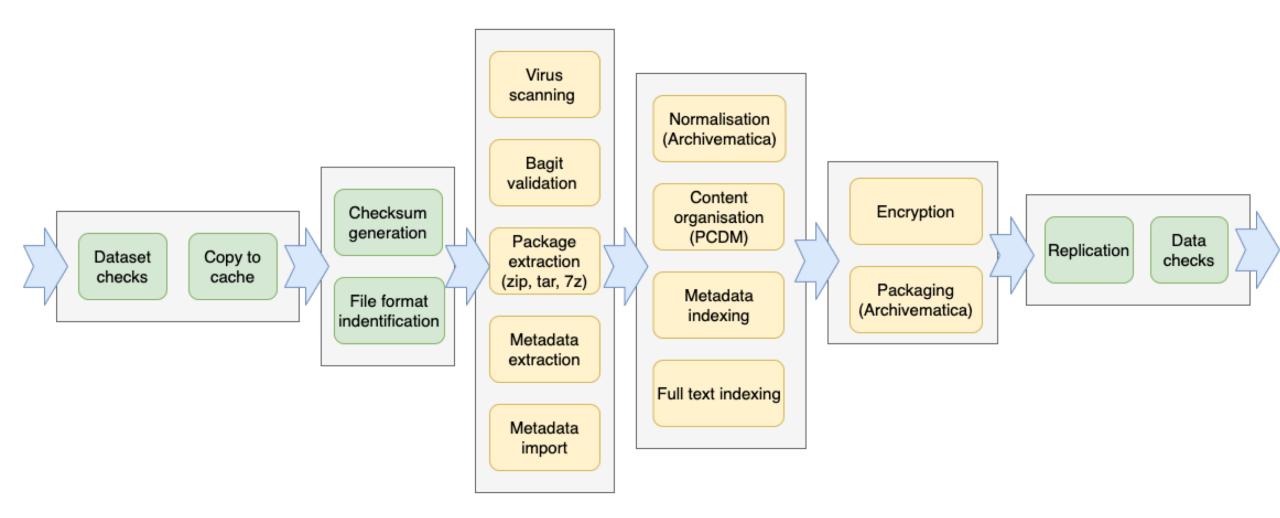
Automated Workflows



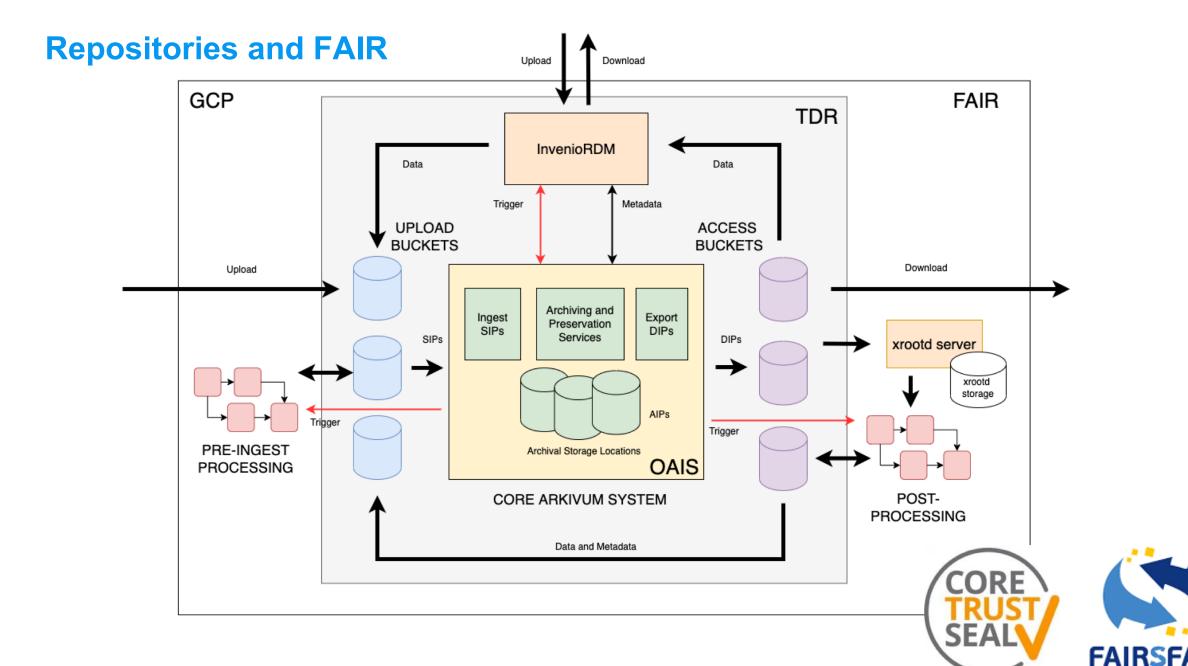
FAIR data for Researchers



Arkivum Microservices and Workflows







Fostering

My dashboard

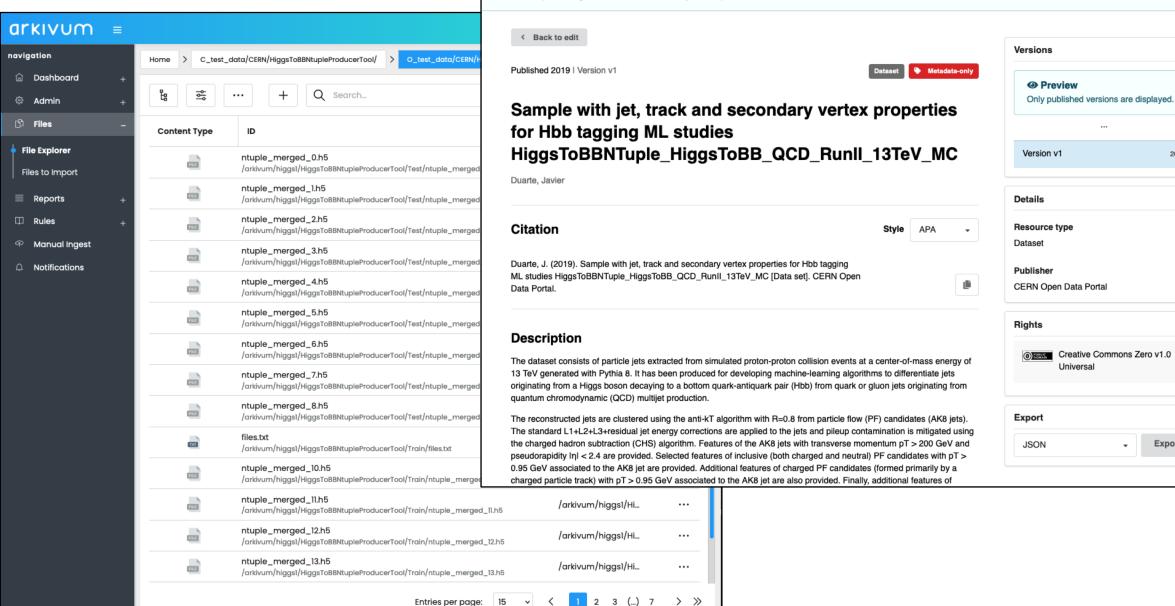
2019

Export

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O Preview

You are previewing a new record that has not yet been published.



CoreTrustSeal+FAIRenabling CapMat

| | | | | 1 | | A R10 R15 R16 | communicati A1.1 the pro R15.1 A1.2 the pro where necess R16.5 | itocol is open, free, and universally implementable (vs context) fechnical infrastructure itocol allows for an authentication and authorization procedure, ary. security |
|------------------------------|------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Area | Short Requirement Name | FAIR Principle (<u>Nature</u>) | RDA Indicator | FAIRsFAIR Metric | Evidence Links | | | are accessible, even when the data are no longer available. reservation plan |
| Digital Object Management | | (meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation. | RDA-11-01D Data uses knowledge representation expressed in standardised format (Important) RDA-11-02D Data uses machine-understandable knowledge representation (Important) RDA-11-01M Metadata uses knowledge representation expressed in standardized format (Important) RDA-11-02M Metadata uses machine-understandable knowledge representation (Important) | FsF-I1-01M Metadata is represented using a formal knowledge representation language. | Metadata in the Arkivum solution is accessible in json or CSV format. M Metadata can be searched and retrieved using a REST API. Metadata fili including json-id, and these metadata files can be associated to datasets Metadata in InvenioRDM is in json format and can be searched and expo InvenioRDM landing pages include record citation metadata in machine r | R14 R14 R14 R14 R14 R14 R14 R14 R14 R14 | (meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language f knowledge representation. (meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles. (meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data. R14. ReUse R1. meta(data) are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes. R14. ReUse R1. (meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license. R2. Licenses R1.2. (meta)data are associated with detailed provenance. R2. Data intercrity and authenticity | |
| | | l2. (meta)data use vocabularles that follow FAIR principles | RDA-I2-01M Metadata uses FAIR-compliant vocabularies (important) RDA-I2-01D Data uses FAIR-compliant vocabularies (Useful) | FsFi2-01M Metadata uses semantic resources. | Metadata files can be ingested into the Arkivum system in their native fo Include references to external schemas or vocabs, e.g. schema.org, wikid InvenioRDM supports vocabularies. https://inveniosoftware.org/products/rc | im/roadmap/ | | data meet domain-relevant community standards. |
| | | I3. (meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data | RDA-I3-01M Metadata includes references to other metadata (Important) RDA-I3-02M Metadata includes references to other data (Useful) RDA-I3-01D Data includes references to other data (useful) RDA-I3-02D Data includes qualified references to other data (Useful) RDA-I3-03M Metadata includes qualified references to other metadata (Important) RDA-I3-04M Metadata include qualified references to other data (Useful) | FsF-i3-01M Metadata includes links between the data and its related entities. | The Arkivum solution supports DataCite relation types to allow entities in ti each other. Each end of the relationship is defined using identifiers. https://support.datacite.org/docs/relationtype_for_citation InvenioRDM supports DataCite relation types to describe the relationship(s) https://inveniordm.docs.cern.ch/reference/metadata/#related-identifierswo |) of a record to other resource: | | CORE |
| | | R1. meta(data) are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes | RDA-R1-01M Plurality of accurate and relevant attributes are provided to allow reuse | FsF-R1-01MD Metadata specifies the content of the data. | The Arkivum solution supports ingest of metadata files in their original dom provided using indexed and searchable fields (DC, DataCite, custom). Techn from files. Other forms of metadata include file format and checksums. InvenioRDM includes metadata on resource type and subtype using configu https://inveniordm.docs.cern.ch/reference/metadata/#resource-type-1 InvenioRDM supports metadata on formats. https://inveniordm.docs.cern.c | ical metadata can be automat able controlled vocabs. | tically extracted | |
| | | domain-relevant | RDA-R1.3-01M Metadata complies with a community standard (Essential) RDA-R1.3-02M Metadata is expressed in compliance with a machine-understandable community standard (Essential) | FSF-R1.3-01M Metadata follows a standard recommended by the target research community of the data FSF-R1.3-02D Data is available in a file format recommended by the target research community. | Metadata files can be ingested into the Arkivum system in their native format (XML or json), e.g. in domain specific metadata standards. Fields in metadata files can be extracted, mapped and indexed so metadata is searchable. | | | |
| | | | RDA-R1.3-01D Data complies with a community standard (Essential) RDA-R1.3-02D Data is expressed in compliance with a machine-understandable community standard (important) | | InvenioRDM supports records that include files. One or more of these files | could be a domain specific metadata format. | | |



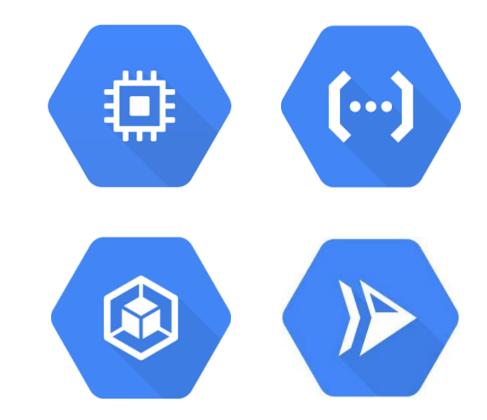
F1. (meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier.

F3. metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the data it describes. F4. (meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource. R13. Data discovery and identification

F2. data are described with rich metadata (defined by R1 below).

Cloud-hosted Processing of Archived Research Datasets

- GCP hosted applications
 - Cloud Functions (serverless code)
 - Cloud Run (containers)
 - GKE (Kubernetes)
 - Compute Engine (VMs)
- Arkivum Webhooks
 - Ingest, preservation, access
- Arkivum REST API
 - including search, get metadata, export files
- Xrootd server
 - Easy integration of scientific apps



Portability

- Single software stack that can run on AWS, GCP and OpenStack
- Deployed on GCP and at CERN for ARCHIVER
- Ingest and export of data and metadata in native formats
- Interact with solution using standard protocols (s3 buckets, REST API, eduGAIN, Web UI)



Scalability and Performance

0

Serverless Computing: Scalability, Performance, Efficiency

- Scalable and cost-effective archiving workflows and processing
 - Kubernetes and autoscaling
 - Scale to zero as well as autoscaling for peak loads (pods and nodes)
 - Pre-emptible nodes to reduce costs (up to 70% lower)
 - Terraform and Ansible for provisioning
 - Rancher, Prometheus, Grafana, Kibana for monitoring and analytics
- Microservices
 - Checksum, virus scan, file format identification, caching, replication, unpack ...
 - Stateless and able to run in parallel (can 100TB+ per day)
 - Jobs recorded and tracked



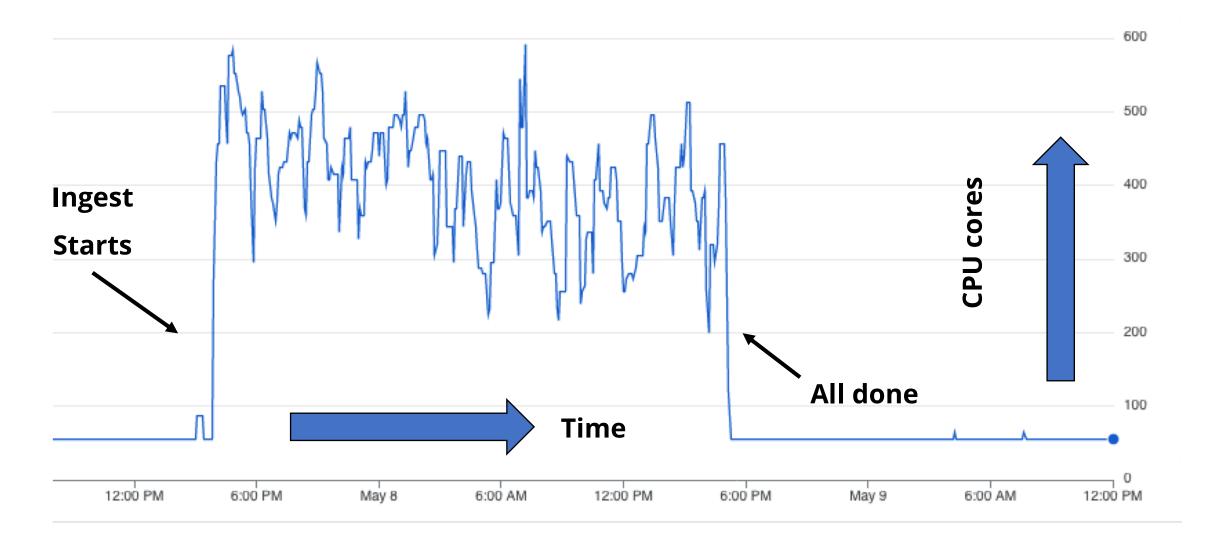




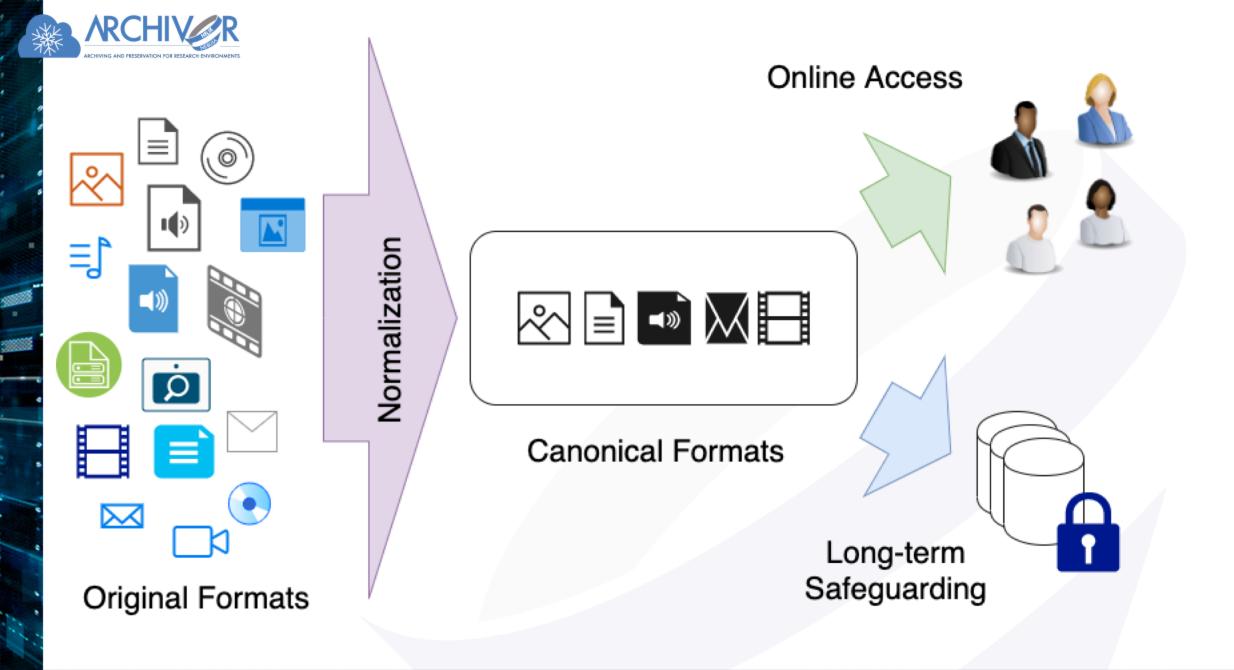




Example: Ingest and Archiving of Astronomy Datasets



440,000 image files (25TB) ingested as 2780 big data bags within 24hrs



Preservation Formats and Access Formats



| Media type | File formats | Preservation format(s) | Access |
|--|--|------------------------|-----------------|
| Audio | AC3, AIFF, MP3, WAV, WMA | WAVE (LPCM) | MP3 |
| Email | PST | MBOX/EML | PDF |
| Email | MSG | EML | PDF |
| Office docs and presentations | DOC, WPD, RTF, DOCX, PPTX, PPT | PDF/A | PDF/A |
| Plain text | TXT | Original format | Original format |
| Portable Document Format | PDF | PDF/A | Original format |
| Raster images | BMP, GIF, JPG, JP2*, PCT, PNG*, PSD, TIFF, TGA | TIFF | JPEG |
| | 3FR, ARW, CR2, CRW, DCR, DNG, ERF, KDC, | | |
| Raw camera files/Digital Negative format | MRW, NEF, ORF, PEF, RAF, RAW, X3F | TIFF | JPEG |
| Spreadsheets | XLS, XLSX | Original format | Original format |
| Vector images | AI, EPS, SVG | SVG | PDF |
| | AVI, FLV, MOV, MPEG-1, MPEG-2, MPEG-4, SWF, | | |
| Video | WMV | FFV1/LPCM in MKV | MP4 |

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| Blogs · Bookmark/Share · Contact Us NATIONAL ARCHIVES Search Archives.go Search | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| RESEARCH OUR RECORDS | VETERANS' SERVICE RECORDS | EDUCATOR RESOURCES | VISIT US | AMERICA'S FOUNDING DOCUMENTS | |
| Federal Records Management > Records Management Regulations, Policy, and Guidance > Appendix A: Tables of File Formats | | | | | |
| Records Management Resources Email Management Records Management | Appendix A: Tables of File Formats Quick Links | | | | |
| FAQs Memorandums | Computer Aided Design | Digital Audio | Digital Moving | Images | |
| to Agency Records Officers | Digital Cinema | Digital Video | Digital Still Ima | ages | |
| Federal Records | Digital Photographs | Scanned Text | Digital Posters | | |
| Centers (FRC) | Geospatial Formats | Presentation Formats | Textual Data | | |
| Policy for Accessioning | Structured Data Formats | Email | Web Records | | |
| Records Management Policy and Guidance | Calendars | | | | |

Preferred Formats

Open XML

Microsoft Word 97 Binary

Document Format (DOC)

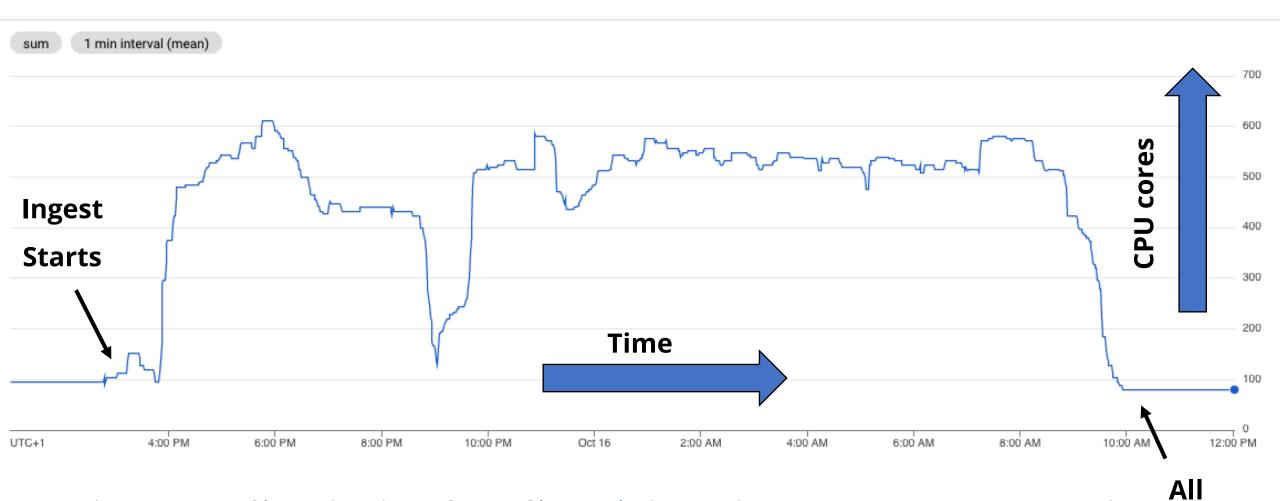
8.0

| Preferred Formats | Format Versions | Format Specifications |
|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| ASCII Text | 7 bit | ISO/IEC 646:1991 Information technology ISO 7-bit coded character set for information interchange: (http://www.iso.org/iso/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=4777 🗷) |
| Jnicode Text | UTF-8 | RTF 3629: UTF-8, A Transformation Format of ISO 10646: (http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3629 🗹) |
| nicode lext | UTF-16 | RFC 2781 UTF-16: An Encoding of ISO 10646: (http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2781.txt 🕜) |
| OpenDocument Text Forma ODF) | openDocument 1.0 | ISO/IEC 26300:2006 Information technology OpenDocument Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.0: (http://www.iso.org/iso/iso_catalogue/ catalogue_tc/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=43485 (2*) |
| PDF/A-1 | PDF/A-1 | ISO 19005-1:2005 Document management Electronic document file format for long-terpreservation Part 1: Use of PDF 1.4 (PDF/A-1): (http://www.iso.org /iso/catalogue_detail?csnumber=38920 ⑦ |
| DF/A-2 | PDF/A-2 | ISO 19005-2:2011 Document management Electronic document file format for long-ter preservation Part 2: Use of ISO 32000-1 (PDF/A-2): (http://www.iso.org/iso/home/store /catalogue_tc/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=50655 🖒 |
| Acceptable Forma | ats | |
| Acceptable Formats | Format Versions | Format Specifications |
| | PDF 1.7 | ISO 32000-1:2008 Document management Portable document format Part 1: PDF 1.7 (http://www.iso.org/iso/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=51502 🗷) |
| PDF | | |

| F | PDF | PDF 1.0-1.6 | Adobe® Portable Document Format Version 1.6: http://www.adobe.com/devnet /pdf/pdf_reference_archive.html 🖸 | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Microsoft Word (DOCX) Office Open XML | OOXML Microsoft Word for Windows, version 2007-2010 | [MS-0129500]: Office Implementation Information for ISO/IEC 29500 Standards Support: (http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee908652%28v=office.12%29 7) | | |

[MS-DOC]: Word (.doc) Binary File Format: (http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library /cc313153%28v=office.12%29.aspx 🗷)

Example: Preserving Documents



• 349k GOV DOCS files in batches of 1000 files, including Archivematica to generate AIPs and DIPs

Done

• 142k normalised files (Office file formats -> PDF/A)

Leveraging the Scalability and Efficiency of Cloud Infrastructure



ENERGY

Recalibrating global data center energy-use estimates

Growth in energy use has slowed owing to efficiency gains that smart policies can help maintain in the near term

By Eric Masanet^{1,2}, Arman Shehabi³, Nuoa Lei¹. Sarah Smith³, Jonathan Koomey⁴

ata centers represent the information backbone of an increasingly digitalized world. Demand for their services has been rising rapidly (1), and data-intensive technologies such as artificial intelligence, smart and connected energy systems, distributed manufacturing systems, and autonomous vehicles promise to increase demand further (2). Given that data centers are energyintensive enterprises, estimated to account for around 1% of worldwide electricity use. these trends have clear implications for global energy demand and must be analyzed rigorously. Several oft-cited yet simplistic analyses claim that the energy used by the world's data centers has doubled over the past decade and that their energy historical lack of "bottom-up" information

demand for data center services rises rapidly, so too must their global energy use. But such extrapolations based on recent service demand growth indicators overlook strong countervailing energy efficiency trends that have occurred in parallel (see the first figure). Here, we integrate new data from different sources that have emerged recently and suggest more modest growth in global data center energy use (see the second figure). This provides policy-makers and energy analysts a recalibrated understanding of global data center energy use, its drivers, and near-term efficiency potential. Assessing implications of growing demand for data centers requires robust understanding of the scale and drivers of global data center energy use that has eluded many policy-makers and energy

As demand for data centers rises, energy efficiency improvements to the IT devices and cooling systems they house can keep energy use in check.

Bottom-up analyses tend to best reflect this broad range of factors, generating the most credible historical and near-term energyuse estimates (7). Despite several recent national studies (8), the latest fully replicable bottom-up estimates of global data center energy use appeared nearly a decade ago. These estimates suggested that the worldwide energy use of data centers had grown from 153 terawatt-hours (TWh) in 2005 to between 203 and 273 TWh by 2010, totaling 1.1 to 1.5% of global electricity use (9).

Since 2010, however, the data center landscape has changed dramatically (see the first figure). By 2018, global data center workloads and compute instances had increased more than sixfold, whereas data center internet protocol (IP) traffic had increased by more than 10-fold (1). Data center storage capacity has also grown rapidly, increasing by an estimated factor of 25 over the same time period (1, 8). There has been a tendency among analysts to use such service demand trends to simply extrapolate earlier bottom-up energy values, leading to unreliable predictions of current and future global data center energy use (3-5). They might, for example, scale up previous bottom-up values (e.g., total data center energy use in 2010) on the basis of the growth rate of a service demand indicator (e.g., growth in global IP traffic from 2010 to 2020) to arrive at an estimate of future energy use (e.g.,

total data center energy use in 2020). But since 2010, electricity use per computation of a typical volume server-the workhorse of the data center-has dropped by a factor of four, largely owing to processorefficiency improvements and reductions in idle power (10). At the same time, the watts per terabyte of installed storage has dropped by an estimated factor of nine owing to storage-drive density and efficiency gains (8). Furthermore, growth in the number of servers has slowed considerably owing to a fivefold increase in the average number of compute instances hosted per server (owing to virtualization), alongside steady reductions in data center power usage effectiveness (PUE, the total amount







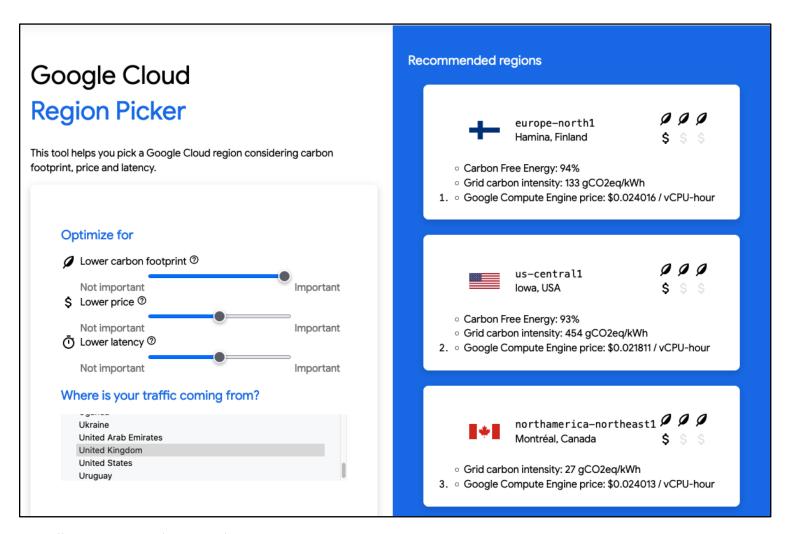




https://datacenters.lbl.gov/sites/default/files/Masanet et al Science 2020.full .pdf

analysts. The reason for this blind spot is a

Green Data Centers, Renewable Energy





https://www.google.com/about/datacenters/gallery/#hamina-exterior-landscape

https://cloud.withgoogle.com/region-picker/

Costs, Resource Consumption, Carbon Footprint



Benchmarking and Metrics

- Execute real world scenarios
- Record parameters
 - execution time
 - data volumes, number of files
 - type of activity (ingest, export, preservation)
- Extract costs and resource consumption from cloud provider
- Extract carbon footprint from cloud provider
- Add short-term and long-term storage
 - Upload/export buckets, caching, archive buckets
- Calculate metrics

| Ingest | \$2.2 per TB | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | 0.1 kgCO ₂ eq | |
| Long-term storage | \$30 per TB-year | |
| | 0.7 kgCO ₂ eq per TB-year | |



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The Arkivum Solution for ARCHIVER

- Highly scalable LTDP capable of ingesting and preserving 100TB+ per day
- Co-locate scientific applications with archived data
- Integration with InvenioRDM for creating/publishing landing pages
- Serverless computing: only consume what's needed and when it's needed
- Cost-efficient and minimized carbon-footprint
- Deployment using GCP, AWS and on-premise
- Provided as a fully managed service / SaaS solution
- Supports LTDP requirements and models (DPC RAM and NDSA levels)
- Supports TDR and FAIR requirements and models (CoreTrustSeal and FAIR)









Arkivum Commercialisation Plans

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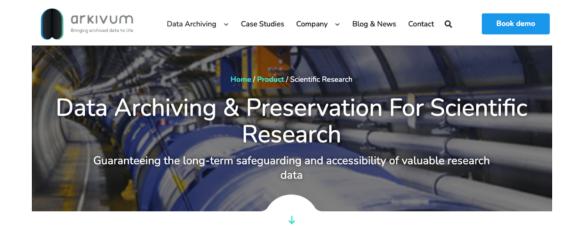
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Arkivum's Commercial Credentials

- Operating since 2011 transitioned from predominantly hardware to software business
- Customer base spanning Higher Education, Heritage, Corporate and Life Sciences organisations
- 50+ customers
- One platform/product
 - ARCHIVER work has been introduced into the core product outside of the scope of the three Phases.
 - Annual recurring cost options available.
- Commercialisation plan delivered as part of Pilot Phase.



Preserving valuable research data for future use

A digital archiving and preservation solution supporting open access research

Scientific research organisations generate vast quantities of complex data that often needs to be open, shared and accessible for decades. In short, their data management must align with the FAIR data management principles.

Current solutions keep this data on ageing and hard to manage in-house systems that are expensive, challenging to maintain and are difficult to scale.

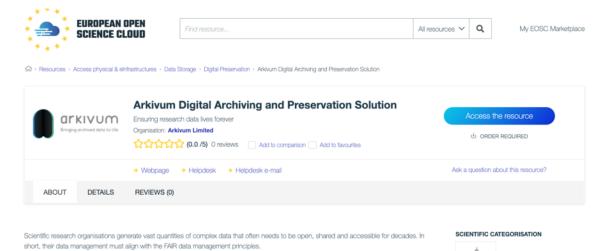
Arkivum provides a digital archiving and preservation solution that has been built on the varied and challenging data management use cases of scientific research. Our technology is able to preserve petabyte level datasets, in the most costeffective and environmentally sustainable way.



Our Product

1. Future European Commission Projects and EOSC

- EOSC Marketplace listing
 - Early Adopters Programme
- Ordering possible through EOSC (via the Arkivum website)
- Active involvement in past, present and future events
- Support future initiatives and projects



Current solutions keep this data on ageing and hard to manage in-house systems that are expensive, challenging to maintain and are difficult to scale.

Arkivum provides a digital archiving and preservation solution that has been built to meet the varied and challenging long-term data management use cases of the scientific research community. Our technology is able to preserve petabyte level datasets, in the most costeffective and environmentally sustainable way.

We ensure that data is: - Safeguarded: we archive multiple copies of customers data while maintain data integrity - Findable: easily find the right research data as quickly as possible -Accessible: data is accessible to those who need it, now and in the future - Usable: regardless of how long the data is stored for, have confidence that it will be readable and usable long into the future through digital preservation.



| Other | |
|---------|--|
| - Other | |

| | RISA | |
|--|------|--|
| | | |
| | | |

Data Storage
 Digital Preservation

2. Direct Sales and Marketing



3. Channel Partnerships

- Leverage existing (e.g. GCP) and new channel partnerships
- Expand reach
- Sales enablement and training
- Mutually beneficial commercial relationships





Summary

- Arkivum's digital preservation and archiving solution is ready for market deployment today
- Proven track record of delivering commercial success within new markets
- Three main routes to market are:
 - Work with EC and EOSC in future projects
 - Direct sales and marketing
 - Build channel partnerships





THANK YOU

Matthew Addis

Tom Lynam

www.arkivum.com



ARCHIVING AND PRESERVATION FOR RESEARCH ENVIRONMENTS

Closing remarks

João Fernandes (CERN)



ARCHIVER - Archiving and Preservation for Research Environments project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 824516.



Public Upcoming Events



- Training Webinars for <u>Arkivum</u> and <u>Libnova</u>
 - Libnova: Wednesday 22nd of June 2022; Arkivum: Thursday 23rd of June 2022
 - Information & Registration at: <u>https://archiver-project.eu/all-events</u>
- iPRES 2022 12th-16th to September: https://ipres2022.scot/
 - ARCHIVER Panel "Sustainable Preservation of Scientific Data", on theme Innovation
 - Announcement of the winners of the DPC Awards 2022
- PV 2023: <u>https://indico.cern.ch/event/838830/</u>
 - To be hold in May 2023; Schedule to be announced



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- Buyer Organisations
 - Antonio Vivace, Bob Jones, Ignacio Lozada, Jacek Chodak, Jakub Urban, Jamie Shiers, Jean-Yves Le Meur, Jordi Casals, Justin Clark-Casey, Manuel Delfino, Marc Riera, Mari-Carmen Porto, Martin Gasthuber, Sergey Yakubov, Steven Newhouse, Tibor Simko, Tony Wildish, Vaggelis Motesnitsalis, Volker Guelzow
- Project Office & Project Partners
 - Anna Manou, Anna Benzo, David Foster, Dominique Buyse, Florence Pesce, Jimmy James, Joelma Tolomeo, Josh Davison, Lucie Pocha, Mariletizia Mari, Marion Devouassoux, Miguel Santos, Ruben Van Caelenberg, Sara Pittonet Gaiarin, Sonia Mentrida, Viktor Varga
- External Advisory Board Members
 - Eberhard Mikusch, Ingrid Dillo, Jenny Mitcham, Nigel Houghton, Rudolf Dimper, Sarah Jones
- Bidders and Contractors from all Phases
- Early Adopter Organisations
- The European Commission & Panel of Reviewers



Join our community!



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ARCHIVER - Archiving and Preservation for Research Environments project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 824516.